AFFIDAVIT OF DISCHARGE AND LEGAL TENDER ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
BY Michael P. Miglietta, Executor
RE: Legal Tender & Discharge

Michael-P. Miglietta, Executor
c/o 10 Kane Street
Southington, Connecticut [06489], Affiant

I, Michael P. Miglietta, Executor, hereinafter referred to as Affiant, hereby certify and declare under penalty of perjury on the unlimited commercial liability of Affiant, on and for the public record, that the following facts are true, and correct to the best of the Affiants personal knowledge, understanding and belief.

Affiant declares that:

1. Affiant is of the age of majority, of sound mind and competent to testify.

2. Affiant is domiciled in the nation/state Connecticut, a member republic of the Union established by the articles of confederation and later perfected by the addition of the Constitution of the United States.

3. Affiant is a national of the nation/state Connecticut, as contemplated by the act of Congress evidenced and restated at 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(2).

4. Affiant is aware and knows that the U.S. Bankruptcy is verified in Senate Report No. 93-549 93rd Congress, 1st Session (1973), "Summary of Emergency Power Statutes," Executive Orders 6073, 6102, 6111 and by Executive Order 6260 on March 9, 1933, under the "Trading With The Enemy Act" (Sixty-Fifth Congress, Session 1, Chapters 105, 106, October 6, 1917), and as a further codified at 12 U.S.C.A. 95(a) and (b) as amended.

5. Affiant is aware and knows that any transaction to discharge debt liability is in accordance and compliance with UCC 3-104; Title IV, Sec 401(FRA); USC Title 12; USC Title 28, §§ 1631, 3002; and the Foreign Sovereign Immunity Act under necessity, in light of the fact that the several States are in violation of Article I, Section X of the U.S. Constitution.

6. Affiant is aware and knows that the Affiant as the Undersigned Secured Party is "Holder in Due Course" of the Preferred Stock (United States – February 21, 1871; 16 Stat. I. 419): and holds a prior, superior, security interest and claim on the DEBTOR and Debtor's property.

7. Affiant is aware and knows that any documents transmitted on behalf of the Debtor to discharge debt liability on behalf of the Debtor are in full accord with HJR-192 (June 5, 1933), Public Law 73-10, UCC 3-419, 1-104 and 10-104.

8. Affiant is aware and knows that Affiant is "Holder in Due Course" of the deficient account by Affiant's acceptance and retains first priority; and by said acceptance of any "claim(s)" has eliminated any controversy in the matters by exhaustion of the Affiant's private administrative process/remedy under necessity supported by scripture and 'Self Help' via UCC 1-201 (34) per Official Comments – "Remedy" and Affiant is not protesting on behalf of the Debtor.

9. Affiant is aware and knows that the undersigned Affiant has been estopped from using and has no access to 'lawful constitutional money of exchange' (See U.S. Constitution – Art. I § X) to 'PAY DEBTS AT LAW,' and pursuant to HJR-192, can only discharge fines, fees, debts, and judgments 'dollar for dollar' via commercial paper or upon Affiant's exemption.

10. Affiant is aware and knows that legal tender, under the Uniform Commercial Code (U.C.C.), Section 1-201 (24) (Official Comment); "The referenced Official Comment notes that the definition of money is not limited to legal tender under the U.C.C. The test adopted is that of sanction of government, whether by authorization before issue or adoption afterward, which recognizes the circulating medium as a part of the official currency of the
government. The narrow view that money is limited to legal tender is rejected."

11. Affiant is aware and knows that the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago in its booklet: MODERN MONEY MECHANICS page 3, states: "In the United States neither paper currency [e.g., Federal Reserve Notes] nor deposits have value as commodities. Intrinsically, a dollar bill is just a piece of paper, deposits merely book entries." The acceptance of said "currency" is merely a "confidence" game predicated upon the people's faith or "confidence" that these currencies/instruments can be exchanged/accepted for goods and services.

12. Affiant relies upon and is aware and knows that the "giving a (Federal Reserve) note does not constitute payment." See Echart v Commissioners C.C.A., 42 Fd2d 158.

13. Affiant is aware and knows that the use of a (federal reserve) 'Note' is only a promise to pay. See Fidelity Savings v Grimes., 131 P2d 894.

14. Affiant is aware and knows that legal tender (Federal Reserve) Notes are not good and lawful money of the United States. See Rains v State, 226 S.W. 189.

15. Affiant is aware and knows that (federal reserve) 'Notes do not operate as payment in the absences of an agreement that they shall constitute payment." See Blachshear Mfg. Co. v Harrell., 2 S.E. 2d 766.

16. Affiant is aware and knows that Federal Reserve Notes are valueless. See IRS Codes Section 1.1001-1 (4657) C.C.H.).

17. Affiant is aware and knows that in light of the holding of Fidelity Bank Guarantee vs. Henwood, 307 U.S. 847 (1939), and taking notice of ..."As of October 27, 1977, legal tender for discharge of debt is no longer required. That is because legal tender is not in circulation at par with promises to pay credit. There can be no requirement of repayment in legal tender either, since legal tender was not loaned [nor in circulation] and repayment [or payment] need only be made in equivalent kind; A negotiable instrument."

18. Affiant is aware and knows that the various and numerous references to Case Law, Legislative History, State and Federal Statutes/Codes, Federal Reserve Bank Publications, Supreme Court decisions, the Uniform Commercial Code, U.S. organic Constitution, State Constitutions, and general recognized maxims of Law as cited herein and throughout, establish the following:

a. That the U.S. federal government did totally and completely debase the organic lawful constitutional coin of the several states of the Union and of the United States; and

b. That the federal government and the several united States have, and continue to, breach the express mandates of Article I, §§ 8 & 10 of the federal Constitution regarding the minting and circulation of lawful coin; and

c. That the lawful coin (i.e. organic medium of exchange) and the former ability to PAY debts – has been replaced with fiat, paper currency, with the limited capacity to only DISCHARGE debts; and

d. That the Congress of the United States did legislate and provide the American people a remedy/means to discharge all debts "dollar for dollar" via HJR 182 – due to the declared Bankruptcy of the Corporate United States via the abolishment of constitutional coin and currency; and

e. That the corporate United States, the several states of the Union, intergovernmental organizations, and other nations of the world recognize this
current, circulating medium of exchange as commercial paper/instruments,
negotiable or non-negotiable, the same being accepted as legal tender or
money, etc., as set forth in the Uniform Commercial Code; and

f. That the Affiant’s acceptance of any monetary/debt presentment and/or
demand for payment as presented by any person, natural or corporate, can
be returned for discharge, the same constituting the negotiable instrument so
bearing the exemption of the Affiant upon any said monetary/debt
presentment and/or demand for payment as a non-cash accrual item is but
another form of legal tender, money, currency emanating from the Creditor.

19. Affiant is aware and knows that pursuant to ‘State and Federal’ TENDER OF
PAYMENT statutes;

“Whatever is tendered as payment, whether property, money or an instrument, if
accepted, the debt is discharged.”

20. Affiant is aware and knows that the United States has a treaty with the
Universal Postal Union (UPU) in Bern Switzerland.

21. Affiant is aware and knows that the terms and conditions of said treaty must
be followed by all who choose to use the United States Postal Service for all
mailings.

22. Affiant is aware and knows that all complaints of mail fraud can be handled
through the UPU.

23. Affiant is aware and knows that in the event of any opposition to this
“Affidavit of Michael P. Miglietta EXECUTOR” the opposition must be done
by rebutting each and every point, point by point and making said rebuttal
public record.

24. Affiant has nothing further to state at this time.

25. If this acquisitioning mechanism is denied for any reason, denying Michael P.
Miglietta EXECUTOR his right to draw upon his claim and interest in the Gold held
by the Treasury of the United States of America and his deficiency payment caused
by the WAR AND EMERGENCY ACT (Executive Order(s) 2039 and 2040), under
public policy (private law) of the ‘New Deal’ Cheap Food Policy (and others), then
this act will be in direct violation of the Constitution for the united States of America,
seventeen-hundred and eighty-seven, because involuntary servitude has been
abolished, and the undersigned, pursuant to his First Amendment Right, one of those
Rights public servants are obligated to protect, to not be compelled to be a part of a
corporation, church, communist State or to make self-sacrifice to a false god.

26. This form of acquisition, secured by Accounts receivable (on Deposit with the
Treasury) for non-payment by the United States Treasury, and for the purpose of
discharging payment in like kind, debt-for-debt, which is the only means by which
Michael P. Miglietta EXECUTOR here has of discharging the debt placed on him
by the UNITED STATES (and ‘its’ subsidiaries). This letter and the IRS forms
accompanying it constitute a discharge, should the need occur, under bankruptcy and
insolvency, placed upon the undersigned by the before mentioned Executive Order(s)
2039 and 2040 of March 6, 1933 and March 9, 1933.

As affirmation, I affirm that in accordance with the best of Affiant’s firsthand knowledge and
conviction the foregoing is true, correct, and not misleading.

The same under asseveration

Date: 2/17/15 Signed By: __________________________

Michael P. Miglietta, Executor/

JURAT

STATE OF CONNECTICUT )
COUNTY OF HARTFORD, Hartford )
Michael P. Miglietta appeared to me on March 18, 2015, to testify to the statements in the above affidavit and to attach his signature to this instrument.

Notary Public signs

Notary Public for the State of CONNECTICUT, Connecticut, All Rights Reserved

My commission expires 8/31/15

Copy Right by Reservation

By: 

Gio John Miglietta